MIAMI COUNTY: Key Data Points

- Miami County observes a lower percentage of women delivering preterm babies as compared to the state overall, 86.3% versus 80.6% respectively.
- County witnessed 2 infant deaths.
- Miami county witnessed 13 accidental deaths (6 of which were motor vehicle), 4 suicidal deaths and 2 homicides

Note: All figures relate to 2004 data from the Indiana State Department of Health, unless otherwise specified

Figure 1: Births

	Total		White		Black		Other	
	Number	Crude Rate*	Number	Crude Rate*	Number	Crude Rate*	Number	Crude Rate*
Miami County	438	12.2	424	12.5	7	6.4(U)	7	7.7(U)
INDIANA	87,125	14.0	75,680	13.7	9,582	17.5	1,863	11.7

^{*} births per 1,000 population; U = unstable rate, based on fewer than 20 births

Figure 2: Infant Mortality

		NUMBER				RATE*		
COUNTY OF	REPORTED RACE/	Live	Infant Deaths (< 1 yr)	Neonatal Deaths (< 28 days)	Post Neonatal Deaths	Infant Deaths (< 1 yr)	Neonatal Deaths (< 28 days)	Post Neonatal Deaths
RESIDENCE	ETHNICITY	Births			(28-364 days)			(28-364 days)
MIAMI	All Races	438	2	0	2	**	0.0	**
	White	424	2	0	2	**	0.0	**
	Black	7	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Other	7	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	Hispanic	6	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
INDIANA	All Races	87,125	702	472	230	8.1	5.4	2.6
	White	75,680	522	354	168	6.9	4.7	2.2
	Black	9,582	164	105	59	17.1	11.0	6.2
	Other	1,863	16	13	3	**	**	**
	Hispanic	7,237	65	50	15	9.0	6.9	**

^{*}rate per 1,000 live births **Numerator is less than 20 and the rate is unstable

Figure 3: Outcome Indicators of Mother, by Race

	Birth Weight During Pregnancy							
		% Low	% Very Low		% PNC 1st			%
MIAMI	Total		(< 1500	% Preterm		%	%	Unmarried
COUNTY	Births	(< 2500 grams)	grams)	†	Trimester ‡	Alcohol	Smoked	Parents
All Races	451	6.9	1.6	8.2	86.3	0.2	27.1(S)	38.4
White	448	6.9	1.6	8.3	86.2	0.2	27.2(S)	38.6
Black	1	**	**	**	**	**	**	**

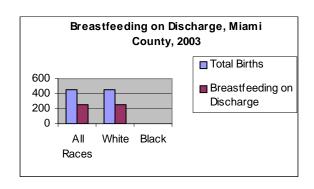
Birth Weight				During Pregnancy				
	Total	% Low	% Very Low	% Preterm	% PNC 1st	%	%	% Unmarried
INDIANA	Births	(< 2500 grams)	(< 1500 grams)	†	Trimester [‡]	Alcohol	Smoked	Parents
All Races	86,382	7.9	1.4	9.9	80.6	0.6	18.5	37.1
White	75,422	7.2	1.2	9.5	82.1	0.6	19.1	32.6
Black	9,288	13.3	3.3	13.3	68.2	1.1	15.2	76.3

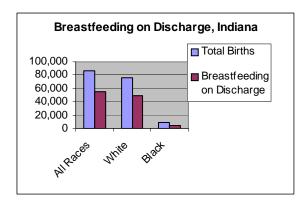
[†] Preterm: less than 37 weeks gestation

Figure 4: Breastfeeding

MIAMI COUNTY	All Races	White	Black
Total Births	451	448	1
Breastfeeding on Discharge	256	254	0
% Breastfeeding on Discharge	56.8	56.7	0

INDIANA	All Races	White	Black
Total Births	87,125	75,680	9,582
Breastfeeding on Discharge	55,556	49,825	4,269
% Breastfeeding on Discharge	63.8	65.8	44.6





[‡] PNC: Prenatal Care

^{&#}x27;S' Significantly different than the state percent

^{&#}x27;**' Outcomes for this county are suppressed due to 20 or fewer total births

Figure 5: HIV/AIDS

	Total # of AIDS cases reported since 1982*	Total # of HIV cases reported since 1985*
MIAMI COUNTY	30	13
INDIANA	7,989	3,945

^{*}numbers current through June 2006

Figure 6: Nutritional Risk Factors by Status,

Indiana WIC Clinics, Quarter Ending 09/30/2004

Local Agency: Area Five Agency on Aging

Counties Included: Miami, Wabash							
	Childr	en 1-5 y	ears of Ag	e			%
Risk Factor or Status	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Other	Total	within Agency
Overweight	24	0	2	0	0	26	3.2%
At Risk for becoming Overweight	34	0	2	0	1	37	4.5%
	Local Agency: State Wide Counties Included: All Children 1-5 years of Age %						
Risk Factor or Status	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Other	Total	within Agency
Overweight	1,732	445	800	12	97	3,086	4.8%
At Risk for becoming	2,023	485	639	11	124	3,282	5.1%

Priority Benchmarks (Miami & Indiana)		
Demographics: Percentage of population enrolled in Medicaid, Percentage of population enrolled in Food Stamps.	Miami	Indiana
1 % of Population enrolled in Medicaid as of June 2003	13	12.4
2 % of Population in Food Stamps Program, 2005	9.9	9.0
Priority #1 (pregnancy outcomes): Average Infant Mortality Rate, Average Fetal death Rate	Miami	Indiana
1 Av Total Infant Death Rate (1995-2004)	6.3	7.9
2 Average Fetal Death Rate (1995-2004)	6.9	6.6
Priority #2 (reduce barriers): Health Professional Shortage Areas, Percentage of women with prenatal care in first trimester	Miami	Indiana
1 Scores for Primary Care Health Professional Shortage Areas (HPSAs) (2005)	9	NA
2 % PNC 1st Trimester†, 2004	81.7	79.3
Priority #4 (environmental): Prevalence of asthma, Childhood lead poisoning	Miami	Indiana
Prevalence of Asthma in a Medicaid Cohort of Children age 0-17 years, 2003	10.2	10.4
2 %Estimated Lead Blood Levels (%EBLL) for Children under 6 years old FY 2005-2006	2.42	2.42
Priority #5 (tobacco): Percentage of mothers who smoked during pregnancy, Percentage of Adult Smoking	Miami	Indiana
1 % of mothers Smoked During Pregnancy, 2004	27.4	18.0
2 % of Adult Smoking in 2003	30.7	29.3
Priority #7 (adolescent risk behaviors): Adolescent deaths due to motor vehicle accidents, Chlamydia rates (ages 15-24).	Miami	Indiana
Number of Adolescent (15-24) deaths due to Motor vehicle accidents (2002-2004)	5	771
2 Chlamydia rates per 100,000 county specific population (15-24yrs of Age)	381.76	1602.35
Priority #8 (obesity): Obesity in pregnant women	Miami	Indiana
Number of Obese Pregnant Women In Indiana, 2004	5	2,827
Priority #9 (domestic violence, childhood injury): Child deaths due to Injury, Child abuse and neglect rates	Miami	Indiana
1 Child deaths due to Injury 1-14yrs (2002-2004)	8	279
2 Child Abuse and Neglect per 1,000 Population under age 18, 2004	16.8	13.5
Priority #10 (To improve racial and ethnic disparities in women of childbearing age, mothers, and children's health outcomes): Percentage of Hispanic Population of any Race, LBW Disparity Ratio	Miami	Indiana
1 % of Hispanic Population of any Race, 2005	1.6	4.5
2 Low Birth Weight Disparity Ratio (B/W) (1995-2004)	0.68	1.88

Source: Data Analysis Team, ISDH; Health Resources and Service Administration; Indiana Prevention Resource Center; Data analysis team, Office of Medicaid Policy & Planning. Notes: 1. NS= Not Stable 2. NA = Not Available 3. Infant Mortality rate and Fetal Death rate is for 1000 live births. 4. Low Birth Weight: Birth Weight Less than 2,500grams. 5. HPSA Score ranges 1 – 25. The higher the score, the higher the need. 6. EBLL: Ten (10) micrograms of lead per deciliter of whole blood for one venous test; %EBLL is based on screening rate of 27% Statewide, unduplicated kids 7. Obesity in Pregnant Women determined by "Concurrent Illness Obesity" checkbox on the birth certificate 8. PNC percentages are calculated using total births in each County.